cast have been found sufficiently accurate; if not, the reasons therefor and the steps being taken to improve the performance in this regard;

(b) by when the super computer would start functioning and give weather forecast; and

(c) what system is being followed presently?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENTS OF OCEAN DEVELOPMENT, ATOMIC ENERGY, ELECTRONICS AND SPACE (SHRI K. R. NARAYANAN): (a) The newly set up Supercomputer is using the global meteorological data received in New Delhi which is identical to the one available in any other meteorological office in the world. Any geo-physical observation such as upper air data has intrinsic uncertainty and hence often is a matter of subjective assessment even among experts. Data quality both national and international are therefore kept under close scrutiny and review.

(b) The Supercomputer is already functional and is being used for the development of suitable atmospheric models for medium range weather forecasting *i.e.* for the period 3 to 10 days in advance. As no readymade models for forecasting of monsoon exist anywhere in the world, these have, therefore, to be developed in India and could take a few years.

(c) Presently India Meteorological Department issues weather forecast on short-range time scale, i.e. for period 1 to 3 days in advance and long-range time scale, *i.e.* for a season in advance. The short-range forecasts are based on a combination of synoptic methods and guidance from limited area numerical models. The long-range seasonal forecasts are based on newly developed parametric model which takes into account a large number of regional and global parameters.

Implementation of pay Scales for Homoeopathic Pharmacists/Compounders

2640. SHRI ASHOK NATH VERMA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the eligibility criteria for appointment as homoeopathic pharmacists/compounders under CGHS, DHS, NDMC and MCD is Matriculation or equivalent, with at least two years' experience as a homoeopathic Pharmacists;

(b) if so, the number of departments whether the Pay scale of Rs. 1350-2200, recommended by the IVth Central Pay Commission, have not been implemented so far; and

(c) what steps Government propose to take to implement the recommended pay scale, where not implemented, so as to remove the existing disparity among the employees?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI RAFIQUE ALAM): (a) to (c) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Appointment/Promotion of Persons Declared Successful in 1981

2641. SHRI MOHD. KHALEELUR RAHMAN: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) the number of details, together with date of appointment/promotion of persons declared successful as a result of an examination held in 1981 for LSG;

(b) what is the merit-wise position in the waiting list, if any; whether it is a fact that no merit-list is kept, if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) whether it is a fact that persons belonging to 1966 batch were promoted as Regular Supervisors, whereas those of 1962 batch were ignored; if so, the names of persons who were denied promotion and the rerasons therefor;

(d) whether it is a fact that a number of persons could not get functional promotion even after 25 years of service;

(e) if so, what are the details thereof and the reasons therefor; and

(f) by when Government propose to give promotion to the persons referred to in parts (c) to (d) above?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO): (a) to (f) Information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Non Working of Telephones in Exchange Numbers 45 and 49 in Calcutta

2642. PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of COMMUNICATIONS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a large number of telephone subscribers, connected with "45" and "49" exchange of Calcutta Telephones, have been complaining about non-working of their telephones, for periods varying from three to six months;

(b) whether subscribers, including defence offices, have not been getting proper services from the concerned exchanges;

(c) whether some Members of Parliament have also represented in this regard;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) what efforts are being made to change the system of servicing of telephones and to ensure proper service to the subscribers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI GIRIDHAR GOMANGO): (a) to (e) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

मध्य प्रदेश के ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य सुविधाएं

2643. **श्री अजीत जोगी :**
ठाकुर जगतपाल सिंह :

क्या स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) मध्य प्रदेश में ऐसी ग्रामीण जनसंख्या का प्रतिशत कितना है जिसे विभिन्न प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों और अन्य सरकारी अस्पतालों के जरिए प्राथमिक-उपचार सुविधा प्रदान की गई है ;

(ख) देश के संबंध में इसका आनुपातिक प्रतिशत कितना है ; और

(ग) शेष जनसंख्या को यह सुविधा कब तक प्रदान किए जाने की संभावना है ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री रफीक आलम) : (क) से (ग) ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में स्वास्थ्य के आधारभूत ढांचे के लिए निर्धारित मानदंडों के अनुसार मध्य प्रदेश सहित पूरे देश में प्रति 5,000 की आबादी वाले ग्रामीण-क्षेत्रों में एक उपकेन्द्र (आदिवासी व पर्वतीय इलाकों में 3,000) प्रति 30,000 ग्रामीण जनसंख्या के लिए एक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र (आदिवासी/पर्वतीय इलाकों में 20,000) तथा लगभग प्रति 1,00,000 ग्रामीण जनसंख्या के लिए मैडिसिन, सर्जरी, प्रसूति एवं स्त्रीरोग तथा बालरोग विज्ञान की मूलभूत विशेज्ञताओं से युक्त एक सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र प्रदान करने का प्रस्ताव है । उपकेन्द्रों और प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों की स्थापना के शत-प्रतिशत तथा सामुदायिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्रों की स्थापना के 50 प्रतिशत मानदंड 31-3-90 तक प्राप्त कर लिए जाएंगे ।

इस समय देश में प्रति 4086 की जनसंख्या के लिए एक उपकेन्द्र, 30959 की जनसंख्या के लिए एक प्राथमिक स्वास्थ्य केन्द्र और 3.56 लाख जनसंख्या